Introduction: Why should you read this historical Timeline about Public Trusts?

Because this knowledge has been deceptively withheld from the American people, and even from most officers serving in the legislative, executive and judicial departments of 'the government'.

What you believe is **your government** <u>is in fact</u> a private, foreign, for-profit governmental services corporation called the UNITED STATES, which is owned and operated by the INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND, an agency of the U.N. The UNITED STATES, INC. has fifty "STATE" franchises doing business as the STATE OF MICHIGAN, and STATE OF INDIANA and so on, just as the McDonalds corporation has local franchises.

Even congressional Representative Louis McFadden felt compelled to record a statement of warning, in 1913, that there are 2 Governments – the one a duly constituted compact, and the other interlocked with international powers. The duly constituted compact still exists, but you have unknowingly exiled out.

There are critical choices to be made at this time by every American man and woman. There are transitional societal actions to be taken or planned by public servants, as well as teachers and Church leaders. Fundamental and very benevolent worldwide changes are taking place, particularly with respect to liberating monetary and trade policies that affect every-day life. The Timeline below identifies the key historical American events from which you can understand what has caused the need to develop a new paradigm of responsible self-governance on the planet.

Public Trust Timeline (the Major Trust, and, the Banker's Trust)

The Major public Trust --- the peoples' social compact styled as: "The united States of America", per which governing structure people exercise sacred trust rights granted by the Creator under the Laws of Heaven and Nature ("the Laws of Nature and of Nature's God" --- 1776 Decl. of Independence)

Settlement of the Major public Trust, as the "Organic Laws" of the United States: Decl. of Indep., Articles of Confederation, Northwest Ordinance, U.S. Constitution; see Organic Laws in the 2012 ed. of the U.S. Code, Vol. 1, being current & valid law, having never been repealed, securing the peoples' right to consent to be governed

Establishment of the Bank of England (1694; 1st private bank) was root of the cause of the colonists' Revolution; the King taxed colonists in order for the King to pay banking interest to the Rothschilds (Bankers); colonists' own script was banned by England's 1764 Currency Act; taxes to the King then had to be paid by the colonists in gold

(Article IV of the 1781 Articles of Confed., the social compact settling a government of the people, by the people and for the people, guarantees: "The better to secure and perpetuate mutual friendship and intercourse among the <u>people</u> of the different <u>States in this Union</u>, the <u>free inhabitants</u> of each of <u>these States</u>, paupers, vagabonds, and fugitives from justice excepted, <u>shall be entitled</u> to all <u>privileges</u> and <u>immunities of free citizens in the several States</u>; and the <u>people of each State</u> shall freely ingress and regress to and from any other State, and shall enjoy therein all the privileges of <u>trade</u> and commerce...")

(U. S. Constitution Amendment 5 -- no deprivation of liberty or property without due process of <u>law</u>; 1868 <u>Amendment 14</u> - <u>persons subject</u> to the <u>jurisdiction of the United States</u> are <u>citizens</u> and <u>citizens of the [federalized] State wherein they reside</u>); **people must consent to be subject**

[1781-1785] 1st private bank chartered: *Bank of North America* (with fractional reserve banking allowed); ended in 1785]

1785	Land Ordinance, to divide the NW Territories into 6-sq-mile survey townships, each into 36 lots of 640 acres
<u>1787</u>	Northwest Ordinance is passed, extending The Articles of Confederation social compact to the people who would settle future geographically-defined 'organic' states to the union, such as "Michigan State" (the people thereof being civilians entitled to their natural and unalienable rights (their earthly estates) in the common-law jurisdiction on the land, with complete civil authority)
1788-89 1790	U.S. Constitution becomes effective for nine ratifying states; 1789 <u>Bill of Rights</u> sent to states for ratification Residence Act passed, creating a federal district (fedl territory) that would become the capitol of the United States
<u>1791</u>	Constitution is ratified (as a business plan) with 10 Amendments included for <u>protection of each of the peoples' inherent rights</u> (inclusion and validity of the Articles of Confederation is noted in Art. VI of the Constitution)
1791	2 nd private bank: <i>Bank of the United States</i> ; the power to incorporate first occurred when Hamilton proposed a central bank (in 1819 Chief Justice Marshall ruled the Congress had implied power to create national bank charter)
1792	2 nd Inauguration of Pres. Washington; Congress passed a statute that defined the currency as a dollar (so many units of gold, and a fixed ratio was prescribed for convertibility of gold into silver); money as a unit of exchange was created, with certain weight in gold or silver
[<u>1794 foreign</u>	Treaty of Westminster (Britain) the City State of Westminster and the Crown Temple (ecclesiastical court) pledged amity for commerce and navigation in perpetuity with the newly formed United States]
1795	Congressional Act authorizing President to call out the militia in case of insurrection against the govt of any state, to maintain domestic tranquility
1801	First Organic Act, which organized the federal territory (Washington D.C.), governed by a levy court
1803	Louisiana Purchase, from Napoleon
1812	General Land Office instituted as a federal agency, concerned with public lands
1812-14	War of 1812, started by the central bankers, due to bankers' charter not being renewed; the war ended in a draw
1816	2 nd Bank of the United States chartered (a central bank, with 1/3 of the shares sold to foreigners)
[<u>1822 foreign</u>	<u>Treaty of Verona</u> , violating the terms of the Treaty of Westminster: a Treaty between the British Monarch and the then-Pope, declaring the (U.S.) representative form of govt incompatible with the Divine Right of Kings and with Papal Supremacy; the Monarch issued Letters of Marque and Reprisal to members of the <u>Bar Association</u> (British Crown Commercial Company) which issued licenses to privateers (attorneys) to <u>attack American 'vessels' in international jurisdictions of law</u> , all done so the Monarch could pay off debt to the international bankers];
	The American Bar Association is a private military association, whether attorneys know it or not; attorners act to transfer homage and fealty to between estates, working under the commander in chief's flag (all courtrooms display the military flag created in 1947; see below)
1828	President Jackson elected
1830	Federal Township and Range System of land survey instituted, based on the Land Ordinance of 1785
<u>1835</u>	Jackson paid off the national debt and warned the people about involvement with international bankers, but he did not realize that the permanent solution was for the <u>peoples' government to control the issuance of money</u>

The Bankers' Trust: "Federal Reserve System", under which people consent (knowingly or not) to monetize their earthly rights in exchange for <u>privileges</u> (man-king granted '<u>equal civil rights</u>') governed by private law enacted as statutes per the whims of Legislators operating in the legislative-democracy

- Limited Liability Act (bottomry / insurance), bringing the <u>rules of Admiralty Law onto land as Maritime Law</u>; revised by Congress in 1884 to include that a corporation is a natural person via the 14th Amendment; revised in 1886 to extend to all debts and liabilities (1887 Interstate Commerce Act passed); revised in 1936 to include debtmoney (system of credit; applies to people who <u>consent</u> to pledge their trust in the Federal Reserve System)
- [1855 foreign City of London corporation was established by the Catholic Church, governed under the temporal authority ('Crown') of the Roman Catholic Pope]
- United States Government did a banking deal with the City of London, incurring debt to the Pope
- 1861 Civil War; instigated by international bankers to gain more control over commerce

Pres. Lincoln ordered **Greenbacks printed** (**treasury notes**) to satisfy govt spending & buying power of consumers; this national 'emergency' allowed specie-backed U.S. Notes to be 'lawful money of the United States'

National Banking Act (taxation on state bank notes, but not on national bank notes) --- no more authorization from Congress to print Greenbacks; Pres. forced to bankrupt the original Trust Management Co dba <u>The United States</u>;

Reconstruction Acts --- new Trust Mgmt Org was incorporated by the Church dba the United States of America, Inc. (operated by the Vatican until 1912, when taken over by the Federal Reserve)

President Lincoln ordered issuance of the Lieber Code (written by historian and legal scholar Francis Lieber) as *Instructions for the Government of Armies of the United States in the Field, General Order No. 100* regarding the Laws and Usages of War, as instructions for the Union army (executing effective warfare in a moral manner); **the beginning of marital law, that has not ended because the American people have not ended it** (military authority is exercised in accordance with the laws and usages of war; the word "usages" relates to the title to property, which is held in abeyance until the conquest is complete; the conquest is complete when people exercise fully-responsible peaceful self-governance

- Lincoln assassinated by bankers' agent, just 5 days after end of Civil War; silver was discovered in the West
- Congress passed the Contraction Act to retire some of the silver-backed Greenbacks from circulation; paper money was then backed by gold; to this day there are Greenbacks (U.S. Notes) circulating, but only within bank vaults
- 1868

 14th Amendment (on July 9th) instituted <u>citizens of the U.S. and citizens of the State wherein they reside</u>; but Congress had to guarantee a republican form of government and protection to the states against domestic violence, so **on July 27**, <u>Fifteen Statutes at Large</u>, 249 preserved the means for people to in effect expatriate out of martial rule (of the United States) and back into the states as <u>inhabitants</u> if associated in peaceful governance
- U.S. Supreme Court made one of the most essential distinctions between "lawful money of the United States" and "lawful money" in terms of whether the usage of each could be subject to taxation, in Veazie Bank v. Fenno; the ruling was no taxation for lawful money of the U.S., but that lawful money issued by a private bank was taxable
- The Organic Act created a government for the District of Columbia, home of the Federal Government (and venue of the future Federal Reserve debt-banking System) as a unified territorial body corporate for municipal purposes, principally the ownership of stock (to carry out the needs of the govt, by necessity, under the guise of ongoing martial law); the U.S. Constitution was adopted and made a statute; the future federalized / franchised State govts were bound to this statute per the 14th Amendment enacted earlier
- Coinage Act passed (Congress was encouraged by central bankers to demonize silver); gold coins were deemed the only form of coin money

1878 American Bar Assoc founded in N.Y. (Bar Associations existed in all federalized /franchised States by 1925) 1878 Posse Comitatus Act; separated military action from civil law enforcement activities 1884 Feudal system --- a legal paradigm begun by the Bankers' intentional depression of the money supply -beginning of the deception of mortgaged **Tenants in Possession** <u>188</u>7 Interstate Commerce Commission created by Congress, which initiated Administrative Law (prerogative / 'king-made' law; statutory codes made Public Policy per State "lawmakers", enforced in administrative courts); statutes are offers in commerce, and people have an inherent right to consent or not consent to contract [1893 (MI) General Tax Law of the State of Michigan; "An Act to provide for the assessment of property and the levy and collection of taxes thereon; "That all property, real and personal, within the jurisdiction of this State, not expressly exempted, shall be subject to taxation."; the 1909 Constitution began ad valorem ("cash value") taxation]; taxation to fund the feudal (guardianship) form of government in the federalized / franchised State of Michigan (but not applicable to people associated in Michigan State society) 1913 Jekyll Island meeting of bankers desiring to take control over the monetary system, resulted in passage of the Federal Reserve Act, establishing the Federal Reserve System (the Banker's Trust); the Congress then allowed state banks to close, which gave the Federal Reserve bankers a monopoly position; Rep. Louis McFadden stated to the Congress that there are 2 Govts - the one a duly constituted compact, and the other interlocked with international powers, because the Federal Reserve is a private Maritime Limited Liability corporation; 16th Amendment, ratified in 1913, allowed the Federal Government to tax income of individuals without regard to the population of each State (govt interest payments to be guaranteed by unaware but consenting people); peoples' consent to use Federal Reserve Notes (promissory notes of account) grants taxing power to the United States corporation (otherwise, FRNs are only obligations of the Federal Govt.) 1917 WW I; passage of the Trading With The Enemy Act ("TWEA") 1920 Pres. Harding elected; foe of communism; brought gold back by raising tariffs; prosperity began; he was killed 1921 Sheppard-Towner Act (a.k.a. Maternity Act) --- first venture of the Federal Govt into social security legislation in conjunction with State-level departments of health to advise how to use the funding 1929 Market Crash and Great Depression --- because the peoples' gold had gotten back into European control 1930 G5 nations declared internatl bankruptcy via joint treaty entered into at the Geneva Conventions; FDR was the representative of the Fed Reserve d.b.a. United States of America, Inc.; he then declared domestic bankruptcy 1933 Federal Reserve Bank System (debt-money of account) re-chartered by FDR; the National Conference of Governors was established; they pledged the good faith and credit of the citizensry of their then-franchised States (States on paper) [e.g. State of Michigan, a commercial overlay of the union state] to stand as sureties for the debts of the USofA, Inc. during bankruptcy reorganization; Senate Resolution No. 62 (Pg 9, Paragraph 2) April 17, 1933 reads: "The ultimate ownership of all property is in the State [franchised State]; individual "ownership" is only by virtue of Government, i.e., law, amounting to mere user; and use must be in accordance with law [codes] and subordinate to the necessities of the State." --- This is what is meant by the term 'feudal system', as property tax applies only to a citizen's / resident's privileged ownership of real property shared / co-titled with the franchised

Money is spent into circulation when the Federal Reserve ("Fed") prints money and then buys Securities (Govt. Bonds) on the open market, which bonds are backed by the peoples' energy (future labor); Federal Reserve Notes are stock certificates for the Fed;

State;

Since the Federal Reserve Board is the monetary policy-making body, it controls the expansion or contraction of the amount of money in circulation; the Fed's control of the issuance of money has caused the intended devastating Recessions that have time and again wiped out the wealth and quality-of-life of the unsuspecting American people;

1933 The TWEA was adjusted to recognize the American people as the enemy (Hostiles, because they were supporting the foreign Federal Reserve System via their use of Federal Reserve Notes) 1934 Per the Gold Reserve Act, the President was authorized to devalue the dollar against gold within a certain prescribed statutory limit; the Bankruptcy Act gave the Fed Bankers legal title to all 'real property assets' --the proprietary worth of 'real estate' (real estate is a mental concept), but not dominion over physical ground); Foreign Trade-Zones Act; FDR signed over all government service contracts to the bankers' control, rendering the municipal government just a for-profit service-provider 1935 The Federal Govt instituted Social Security; the SS Board then created 10 SS Districts, creating a "Federal Area"; FDIA insurance began 1938 Erie v. Tompkins case established the courts as operating 'in equity at law' under the presumption that people consent to contractual nexus within the Bankers' Trust in international law jurisdiction; formerly, the courts functioned in Law, and, in Equity per Article III, Section 2 of the U.S. Constitution 1939 Federal Govt instituted the "Public Salary Tax Act", taxing all Federal and State government employees and those people who live (reside) and work (engage with Fedl Reserve banking) in any Federal Area; but could not tax State Citizens who live/work outside the territorial jurisdiction of Article I, Section 8, Clause 17, or Art. IV, Section 3, Clause 2 WW II began 1940 Alien Registration Act --- created the Birth registration; Birth Certificates issued; the Buck Act allowed any department of the Federal Govt to create a Federal Area for imposition of the Public Salary Tax Act of 1939; income withholding started in 1942 (pertaining to **public**-sector '**persons**') 1944-46 Bretton Woods Agreemt created the International Monetary Fund (+ Bank of Internati Settlements, and World Bank) consolidating central banking powers further; the IMF chartered a new Trust Mgmt Organization in France dba the UNITED STATES, Inc. and also took over the State franchises and opened their own 'STATE OF franchises [e.g. STATE OF MICHIGAN]; named the Sec of the Treasury of Puerto Rico to act as their chosen Bankruptcy Trustee (see Federal Title 5), which seized all bogus States on Paper and Americans on Paper created by the FDR Admin and rolled all the assets presumed to be part of those trusts into Roman Inferior Trusts (Cestui Que Vie Trusts, which means Trust of another Trust) operated in the NAME of a foreign situs trust [see ** below] 1945 International Organizations Immunities Act gave immunity to Bar members (judges) for their crimes 1947 "Bar' Treaty, tied Bar Associations of the Respective Pan-American States together under U.N. international law; President Eisenhower changed the Flag to a Military Flag (indicated per the addition of gold fringe) <u>1952</u> The **Uniform Commercial Code** was developed by the Roman (Church) Curia as a means to resolve the many international disputes and claims arising from the 1930 bankruptcies of the G5 nations (UCC is copyrighted by UNIDROIT, a subsidiary of the Vatican) [the MCL -- Michigan Complied Laws -- are just commercial codes] 1971 By 1971, all newly revised State Constitutions were ratified by the people, authorizing the commercial codes (Maritime Law codes) utilized in the administrative courts

<u>Present</u>: Many responsible leaders of the nations of the world are engaged in creating new monetary and trade systems together; learn about the BRICS nations' accomplishments. Each of the people of the United States of America has the authority to end the financial tyranny that has been knowingly or unknowingly perpetrated by officers of the private, foreign, for-profit governmental services corporation called the UNITED STATES (and its STATES OF ______). Central bankers and conspiring politicians have only conquered peoples' minds, through various means social conditioning. Anyone can choose to cease participating in the Bankers' Trust, simply by communicating non-consent to being presumed to be a "U.S. citizen" or "franchised-State resident" when confronted with an offer in commerce made by any officer acting in that international law jurisdiction under the illusion of acting under public law.

Additional information

** foreign situs trust --- FRAUD, committed by bankers' deceitful probating of a Man's or Woman's earthly estate. The living Man/Woman (privately known by his/her given name + family name) is deemed by the bankers as a foreign situs trust (meaning surety for the debts of the bankrupt Federal Government) acting under the trustee legal-designation that looks similar to the Man's name: First Middle Last, (or sometimes; Last, First Middle) which is declared by the bankers as dead / missing at sea (in other words, not consciously trusting in natural law), and all the Man's assets / human-energy are accessed via a Roman Inferior Trust they created so the Man can do business as FIRST MIDDLE LAST (the Man's name spelled in all-caps). The NAME is the Beneficiary from which the Man obtains Bankers' Trust benefits, the social services administered by municipal Government officers; if the Man violates the obligations (rules) of the Trust, he must make restitution so he can continue to obtain the benefits.

[This Roman Inferior Trust is patterned from the C'este Que Vie Act of 1666 (of England), applicable to persons who were actually lost or presumed lost at sea; the government created a Trust to offer benefits to the missing person's dependents.]

Regarding American court matters -- the all-cap NAME is a Maritime thing (the 'vessel' from which the Bar attorneys are licensed to seize and reprize the Man's assets or energy; attorneys move assets from one Trust NAME to another---from the loser's account to the winner's account); when the Man or Woman acts in (places trust in) that fictional NAME (which is essentially a banking account), the court acquires "in personam" (person-hood) jurisdiction over him/her, because he/she is then presumed to consent to be the trustee to settle the matter/action pertaining to that Trust NAME. The prosecutor temporarily acts as the trustee of the action until the Man accepts the charges during a court arraignment proceeding. Look at the first page of a court-case filing. The top caption identifies that the names of the plaintiff and the opposing party are noted in all-caps; those are Trust NAMES ("PLAINTIFF", "DEFENDANT"). The name of the Man or Woman presumed to be consenting to act in that Trust NAME as the trustee responsible for settling the charges being levied is spelled in upper-and-lower-case letters (Defendant). The living Man or Woman is referenced somewhere in the document as the all lower-case designation "defendant".

Remedies

The American people are prisoners of maritime war (war on land), as wards of the Federal district (Roman Empire) by **registration** into the Federal Reserve System (the Bankers' Trust); they have unknowingly self-exiled out of the constitutional Republic form of governance (peaceful self-governance). *Voter registration* is under military / international jurisdiction (martial law), making it known by act and action that the Lieber Code and post-Civil-War Reconstruction Acts are still in effect (although the Lieber Code has been incorporated into the Hague convention of 1907) for purpose of guaranteeing a 'citizen' of the United States equal protection of the laws of the United States as a party entitled to the benefit of the statute. The 'U.S. citizen / person' (residing in a federally-franchised State) was created under military code (now the Uniform Commercial Code) under the commander of a 'district' (of the District of Columbia as the extended venue of the Federal Govt.). The person is a Hostile, because the Man/Woman acting via the person co-occupies property controlled by the bankers.

Cancellation of the Voter Registration is one of the means to indicate that one does not consent to place trust in the Bankers' Trust.

Title 12 U.S.C. §411 (codification of the Federal Reserve Act, Section 16) is the means Congress left to the people to choose to handle 'lawful money' of exchange (being "U.S. Notes"; silver-backed **public money**) by demanding to redeem FRNs, as evidence of no intentional use of the **private currency** of the Federal Govt. / Bankers' Trust. Information about this can be found online. Redeeming FRNs retires the debt-instrument by the Fed in the same amount. Paying for something with public money of exchange confers a property right in allodium.

Officers of municipalities, operating the commercial form of Trust (Bankers' Trust) are with duty of their Office to restrain acts of commercial-trespass on non-commercialized societal rights exercised by peaceful inhabitants. The law of the land is exercised by peaceful exchanges between people. The U.S. Constitution Amendments IX and X secure "rights retained" by the people (inherentights) and "powers reserved" (power to choose) to the people. Every State Constitution contains this clause: "All political power is inherent in the people." That means that each of the people (since all men are created equal) retain their Creator-given right to choose association, meaning, how they place trust.

A binding agreement or contract requires: a) Parties competent to contract, b) Full disclosure of all terms, c) Meeting of the minds, d) Consideration. The American people never received full disclosure about the establishment of the Bankers' Trust, so they only bind themselves by failing to express their non-consent to trust.